

Adviesraad voor Bioveiligheid Conseil consultatif de Biosécurité

Advice of the Belgian Biosafety Advisory Council on application EFSA-GMO-RX-025 (genetically modified maize MIR162) from Syngenta under Regulation (EC) No. 1829/2003

18 October 2022
Ref. SC/1510/BAC/2022_1181

Context

Application EFSA-GMO-RX-025 was submitted by Syngenta for the renewal of authorisation for the marketing of genetically modified (GM) maize MIR162 for food and feed uses, import and processing (excluding cultivation) within the European Union within the framework of Regulation (EC) No. 1829/2003¹.

The placing on the market of the insect-resistant maize MIR162 for food and feed uses is currently authorised following a positive opinion of EFSA (EFSA Journal 2012;10(6))².

The renewal application was validated by EFSA on 16 July 2021 and a formal three-month consultation period of the Member States was started in accordance with Articles 6.4 and 18.4 of Regulation (EC) No. 1829/2003 [consultation of national Competent Authorities within the meaning of Directive 2001/18/EC designated by each Member State in the case of genetically modified organisms (GMOs) being part of the products].

Within the framework of this consultation, the coordinator for this dossier, on behalf of the Belgian Biosafety Advisory Council (BAC), decided not to request external experts to assess this dossier.

The opinion of the EFSA Scientific Panel on GMOs was published on 22 September 2022 (EFSA Journal 2022;20(9):7562)³, together with the responses from the EFSA GMO Panel to comments submitted by the Member States during the three-month consultation period.

The previous advice of the BAC on maize MIR162 (BAC_2012_0785)⁴, and the published opinion of the EFSA GMO Panel form the basis of the advice of the BAC on application EFSA-GMO-RX-025.

¹ Regulation (EC) No 1829/2003 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 22 September 2003 on genetically modified food and feed (OJ L 268, 18.10.2003, p.1).

² <https://doi.org/10.2903/j.efsa.2012.2756>

³ doi: 10.2903/j.efsa.2022.7562

⁴ https://www.bio-council.be/sites/biocouncil.be/files/advices/BAC_2012_0785.pdf

Scientific evaluation

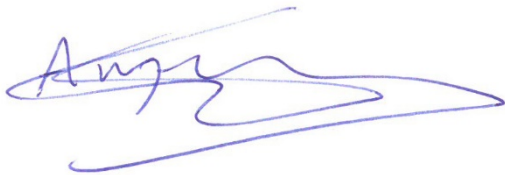
The data for application EFSA-GMO-RX-025 provided by the applicant at the time of submission included

- the annual post-market environmental monitoring (PMEM) reports covering the years of import;
- a systematic literature search covering the complete duration of the event's authorisation;
- an updated bioinformatic package including (1) an analysis of the potential similarity of the newly expressed proteins and newly created open reading frames within the insert or spanning the junctions with genomic DNA to known toxins or allergens, and (2) a safety assessment of the newly expressed proteins VIP3Aa20 and PMI regarding their capacity to trigger celiac disease;
- reports of additional studies performed by the applicant over the course of the authorisation period.

The Belgian experts and the members of the Biosafety Advisory Council did not identify any information elements in the renewal application EFSA-GMO-RX-025 that would raise a safety concern for human or animal health or the environment.

Conclusion

The BAC is of the opinion that the data on maize MIR162 provided by the applicant, and the opinion of EFSA, confirm its latest opinion on maize MIR162 that in the context of its proposed uses, maize MIR162 is unlikely to pose any risk to human and animal health and the European environment.



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